

## EPP Attributes

When determining whether a product is environmentally preferable, the following environmental attributes should be considered:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Biobased</li><li>• Biodegradable</li><li>• Carcinogen-free</li><li>• Chlorofluorocarbon (CFC)-free</li><li>• Compostable</li><li>• Durable</li><li>• Energy efficient</li><li>• Environmental cost of entire product or service life cycle</li><li>• Elimination of uncertified hardwoods</li><li>• Heavy metal free (e.g., no lead, mercury, cadmium)</li><li>• Less hazardous</li><li>• Locally manufactured</li><li>• Low-toxicity</li><li>• Low Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) content</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Made from rapidly renewable materials</li><li>• Minimization of virgin materials use in product</li><li>• Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT)-free</li><li>• Recyclable</li><li>• Recycled content</li><li>• Reduced greenhouse gas emissions</li><li>• Reduced packaging</li><li>• Refurbished</li><li>• Resource efficiency</li><li>• Reusable</li><li>• Ultimate disposal</li><li>• Upgradeable</li><li>• Water efficient</li></ul>
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While these are some of the attributes of environmentally preferable products, there are more. As new technology becomes available, and more environmental processes are created, new attributes will certainly arise. For more information on the latest developments, please check <http://www.environmentla.com/cgbp/Findingepa.html>.